[CONFIDENTIAL.]

(Rough Draft for Consideration Only.)

No. , 1934.

A BILL

To authorise the Governor to set apart portions of State forests and timber reserves as school forestry plantations; to provide for the constitution of school forestry trusts and for the control and management of school forest areas by such trusts; to amend the Forestry Act, 1916–1933, and certain other Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

DE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

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^{1.} This Act may be cited as the "School Forest Areas short title. Act, 1934."

- 2. (1) In this Act, unless the context or subject matter Interpretaotherwise indicates or requires—
 - "Prescribed" means prescribed by the regulations.
 - "Products" means products of growing or dead timber, trees, shrubs, or vegetable growth of economic value.
 - "Regulations" means regulations made under this Act.
 - "School" means a State School as defined in the Public Instruction (Amendment) Act, 1916.
 - "School forest area" means an area declared by the Governor by proclamation published in the Gazette to be a school forest area.
 - "State forest" has the meaning ascribed thereto in the Forestry Act, 1916-1933.
 - "This Act" includes the regulations.
 - "Timber reserve" has the meaning ascribed thereto in the Forestry Act, 1916-1933.
 - "Trust" means a school forest trust constituted under this Act.
- (2) The powers, authorities, duties and functions conferred and imposed upon a trust under this Act shall apply in respect of each school forest area to the School Forest Trust of that area.
- 3. (1) For the purpose of encouraging and enabling Governor the pupils of a State school to engage in the study of may establish scientific forestry and sylviculture, the Governor may, school forest by proclamation published in the Gazette, set apart areas. either by a general or a particular description the whole or any part of a State forest or timber reserve, and declare the area so set apart as a school forest area for that school.

- (2) The Governor may, by proclamation published in the Gazette, revoke any proclamation made under subsection one of this section.
- (3) Where a proclamation is made under subsection one of this section declaring an area to be a school forest area such area shall, for the purposes of this Act,

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and while the proclamation remains unrevoked, be deemed not to be or to form part of a State forest or timber reserve as the case may be.

4. A school forest trust shall be constituted in respect School forest of each school forest area.

school forest

trust.

- 5. (1) Each trust shall consist of three members who Members of shall be appointed by the Governor.
- (2) One of such members shall be the person who for the time being holds the office of District Inspector of Schools for the district in which the school is situated. He shall by virtue of his office as District Inspector of Schools be chairman of the trust. He shall hold office as a member and as chairman of the trust while he continues to hold the office of District Inspector of Schools for the district.
- (3) The remaining two members shall be persons nominated for appointment by the Parents and Citizens' Association formed in connection with the school.

The nominations shall be made in the manner prescribed.

Where no Parents and Citizens' Association has been formed in connection with the school, or where the Parents and Citizens' Association fails within a period prescribed to nominate a person or persons for appointment, the remaining two members shall be persons selected for appointment by the Governor.

The two members referred to in this subsection shall, subject to this Act, hold office as members for a period of five years and shall be eligible for reappointment if nominated by the Parents and Citizens' Association formed in connection with the school, or selected for appointment by the Governor, as the case may be.

(4) The teacher for the time being of the school shall be entitled to be present at all meetings of the trust, and to take part in the deliberations and discussions at such meeting, but shall not, except where he is acting as the delegate of the District Inspector of Schools, in accordance with subsection five of this section, be entitled to vote on any question arising at such meeting.

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(5) The District Inspector of Schools may from time to time by writing under his hand, delegate all or any of his powers, authorities, duties and functions as a member and chairman of the trust to the teacher for the time being of the school.

The delegation may be general, or for the purposes of any particular meeting or class of meetings of the trust, or for the purpose of meetings of the trust within a

specified period.

The teacher of the school shall, when acting within the scope of such delegation, be deemed to be a member of the trust and the chairman thereof, and shall have and may exercise and discharge all the powers, authorities, duties and functions so delegated to him.

The District Inspector of Schools may by writing under his hand revoke any delegation under this section.

6. (1) A member of a trust shall not be entitled to conditions receive any remuneration for his services as a member.

- (2) The provisions of the Public Service Act, 1902, member of or of any Act amending that Act, shall not apply to the trust. appointment of a member of a trust.
- 7. (1) The Governor may at any time remove any Removal of member of the trust referred to in subsection three of memberssection five of this Act, and may appoint a person to take vacancies. the place of the member so removed.

- (2) Any person appointed to fill a vacancy caused by the removal of a member of a trust or to fill any vacancy arising from death, resignation or otherwise shall hold office for the residue of his predecessor's term, and shall be eligible for reappointment.
- (3) In case of the illness or absence of a member of the trust a deputy may be appointed by the Governor to act for such member during his illness or absence; and every such deputy shall, during the time he acts as deputy, have all the powers, authorities, duties and functions of such member.
- 8. (1) The procedure for the calling of meetings of a Meetings trust, and for the conduct of business at such meetings and shall, subject to any regulations in relation thereto. be procedure. as determined by the trust.

- (2) Two members of a trust, one of whom shall be the chairman or the deputy chairman, shall form a quorum for a meeting, and any duly convened meeting at which a quorum is present shall be competent to transact any business of the trust and shall have and may exercise and discharge all the powers, authorities, duties and functions by this Act conferred or imposed upon a trust.
- (3) At any meeting of a trust at which the voting on a question is equal, the chairman, or the deputychairman, shall have a casting vote in addition to his deliberative vote.
- (4) A trust may by resolution authorise the chairman to determine such matters as are specified in the resolution. Any such authority may from time to time be revoked or varied by resolution.
- (5) No action or suit shall be brought or maintained against any person who is, or at any time has been, a member of a trust, for anything done or omitted by him pursuant to the duties imposed upon him by this Act.
- (6) A trust shall cause minutes of its meetings and decisions to be kept.
- 9. A trust may for the purpose of obtaining informa- Trust may tion or advice in relation to the exercise and discharge co-opt advisory of its powers, authorities, duties and functions, invite members. any person to be present at any meeting of the trust, and may permit such person to take part in the deliberations and discussions at the meeting; but in no case shall any such person vote upon any question arising at the meeting.

10. Any member of a trust who—

Disqualification of

- (a) is in any wise concerned or interested in any members. bargain or contract made or arranged by or on behalf of the trust; or
- (b) in any wise participates or claims to be entitled to participate in the profit thereof or in any benefit or emolument arising from the same—

shall thereby vacate his office as a member of the trust and shall also be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

11. The control and management of each school forest Control and area shall, subject to this Act, be vested in the school management. forest trust constituted in respect of that area.

12. (1) A trust may with the approval of the Minister Arrangemake arrangements with the Forestry Commission of ments with Forestry New South Wales-

Commission for

- (a) for the provision of assistance by that Com-assistance. mission in the establishment, fencing, clearing, development and maintenance of a school forest area and in the taking and sale of timber and products thereof;
- (b) for the reimbursement by the trust, either in whole or in part and under such terms and conditions as may be specified in the arrangement, of any moneys expended by the Commission in the provision of such assistance.
- (2) The provision of assistance to a trust under any such arrangement shall be deemed to be a purpose for which moneys carried to a special account in the Treasury in pursuance of subsection two of section thirteen of the Forestry Act, 1916-1933, may be set apart.
- 13. (1) A trust may take and sell the timber and pro-Sale of ducts of a school forest area.

- (2) The proceeds of the sale of any such timber or products shall be applied by the trust for the following purposes and in the following order—
 - (a) the payment of the costs and expenses incurred by the trust in the taking and sale of such timber and products;
 - (b) the reimbursement of the Forestry Commission of New South Wales of moneys in accordance with any arrangement referred to in section twelve of this Act expended by that Commission in granting assistance pursuant to such arrangement;
 - (c) the payment of other costs and expenses incurred by the trust in carrying out the powers, authorities, duties and functions conferred and imposed by this Act;

- (d) educational purposes associated with the school in respect of which the trust has been constituted:
- (e) the establishment of scholarships in accordance with the regulations;
- (f) any educational purposes approved by the Minister.
- 14. All costs and expenses incurred by a trust in Payment of carrying out the powers, authorities, duties and functions expenses. conferred and imposed by this Act shall, where no moneys or insufficient moneys are received by the trust for the payment thereof be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament.

15. Where a trust is constituted in respect of a school Objects forest area, the trust shall as soon as practicable take such steps and give such directions as may be necessary for the planting of the area with forest trees and plants by the pupils and teachers of the school and to encourage and enable such pupils to engage in the practical study of scientific forestry and sylviculture.

It shall be the duty of the trust to control, manage, maintain and develop the school forest area in accordance

with any regulations made in that behalf. **16.** (1) If any person (other than a person authorised Offences. by the trust) on any school forest area—

- (a) cuts, strips, obtains, removes, destroys or damages any timber or tree; or
- (b) digs for, extracts, obtains, removes, destroys or damages any products; or
- (c) grazes any horse or cattle; or
- (d) occupies or uses the land within the area; or
- (e) causes or suffers any of the things aforesaid to be done.

he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds, and in addition shall be liable for any loss or damage caused by the offence. Such loss or damage may be awarded by the court imposing the penalty and may be recovered in the same manner as the penalty.

- (2) If any person other than a person authorised by the trust ringbarks or otherwise kills or destroys any tree in a school forest area, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty shillings in respect of each tree so ringbarked or killed.
- 17. (1) Any member of the police force or person Seizure and authorised by the Trust in writing to act under this forfeiture section—

of timber and products.

- (a) may stop and detain any timber or products within the boundaries of a school forest area;
- (b) if he has reason to believe that any timber or products have been cut, removed, or otherwise dealt with contrary to the provisions of this Act or the regulations, or have been abandoned. may enter any land and any buildings thereon and seize such timber and products and place a distinctive mark thereon; and such timber and products shall thereupon become and remain the property of the trust until otherwise ordered by a court of petty sessions.
- (2) Where timber or products are seized as aforesaid-
 - (a) the person making the seizure shall inform the person in possession of, or owning, or reasonably believed to own the timber or products of the fact of the seizure, or if such person is not known to him shall affix a notice of the seizure on such timber or products, and also at the nearest court of petty sessions;
 - (b) if any person is convicted of the offence aforesaid, or if, in the case of a notice affixed as aforesaid, no one, within fourteen days after the fixing of such notice, claims to be owner of the timber or products, a court of petty sessions shall either order that the same be forfeited to the trust, or make such order vesting the same in any person as may be thought just.
- (3) Any timber or products forfeited in pursuance of this Act may be sold or otherwise disposed of as the trust may direct.

Penalties for offence

officers, etc.

18. (1) Whosoever—

- (a) offers violence to or assaults, threatens, or against attempts to intimidate any person acting under the authority of the trust while such person is acting in the exercise of his powers or the discharge of his duties under this Act or the regulations; or
- (b) gives or agrees to give or offers to any such person any gift or consideration as an inducement or reward for any act done or to be done or any forbearance observed or to be observed or any favour shown or to be shown by such person in or in relation to the exercise of such powers or the discharge of such duties as aforesaid,

shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

- (2) A gift or consideration shall be deemed to be given as an inducement or reward if the receipt or any expectation thereof would be in any way likely to influence the person to do or leave undone something contrary to his duty.
- 19. Any penalties and forfeitures under this Act or Recovery. the regulations may be recovered and enforced in a summary way before a stipendiary or police magistrate, or any two justices in petty sessions.

An information or complaint for the recovery of any such penalty, fine, forfeiture or fee may be laid or made within twelve months from the time when the matter of the information or complaint arose.

20. (1) The Governor may make regulations not Regulations. inconsistent with this Act prescribing all matters which by this Act are permitted or required to be prescribed or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to the provisions of this Act.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of subsection one of this section the Governor may make regulations—

(a) providing for the protection and preservation of school forest areas, and for the prevention of damage or injury thereto or to any trees, timber or products thereon;

of penalties.

- (b) regulating the calling of meetings of trusts, the conduct of the proceedings at any such meeting, and the manner and form in which minutes of proceedings at a meeting shall be kept;
- (e) providing for the keeping of accounts of all moneys received and expended by or on behalf of a trust and for the audit of such accounts at such period as may be specified;
- (d) prescribing the powers, authorities, duties and functions of a trust, and regulating the exercise and discharge of such powers, authorities, duties and functions;
- (e) authorising and regulating the employment of persons by a trust in connection with the establishment, maintenance and development of a school forestry area;
- (f) requiring and authorising a trust to provide any facilities which may be necessary to enable the pupils of the school in respect of which the trust is constituted—
 - (i) to plant a school forestry area with forest trees and plants; and
 - (ii) to share in the development of the area; and
 - (iii) to engage in the practical study of scientific forestry and afforestation on the area;
- (g) providing upon the recommendation of three or more trusts for the constitution of a district school forestry committee for the purpose of securing more satisfactory results in the marketing of timber and products of the school forestry areas maintained and managed by those trusts prescribing the powers, authorities, duties and functions of a district school forestry committee, regulating the exercise and discharge of such powers, authorities, duties and functions, and providing for the distribution among such trusts of the proceeds received by a committee from the marketing of such timber and products;

- (h) providing for giving effect to any arrangement made between the Minister and a municipal or shire council for the establishment of a school afforestation scheme upon land made available for the purpose by such council.
- (3) The regulations may impose a penalty not exceeding five pounds for the breach of any provision thereof.
- (4) A regulation may apply generally to all trusts, school forestry areas and school, or may apply to any particular trust, area or school, or to trusts, areas or schools within any specified portion of the State.
 - (5) The regulations shall—
 - (a) be published in the Gazette;
 - (b) take effect from the date of such publication or from a later date to be specified in the regulations; and
 - (c) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen siting days after the publication thereof if Parliament is then in session, and, if not, then within fourteen sitting days after the commencement of the next session.
- (6) If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of which notice has been given at any time within fifteen siting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof, such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.